

śrí skanda-jyōthi vidhāna shōdasa upachāra pūjā

(A traditional daily worship ceremony performed in the home shrine to beseech the blessings, grace, and protection of Bhagavan Sri Skanda)



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Dedicated with love to

The Fragrant Divine Lotus Feet of my beloved SatGuru - Bhagavan Sri Skanda & All His Beloved Children of Light

Pūjā pictorials by

M.B. Publishers, Chennai

Sanskrit English meanings by

Sri P.R. Ramachander

Transliteration, Proof-reading & Preparation by

Pranavan Sinmayanandan

Adopted from

<u>Sri Chakra – Instructional Pūjā Manual</u>.

(By Sri Caitanyānandā)
&

<u>Shrii SubrahmanyaPūjākalpah</u>

(By Antaratma)



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Acknowledgements:

A deep deep heart-felt thank you to my ever-loving Divine SatGuru Lord Murugan & His equally compassionate brother - Sri Ganesha - for helping me start and finish this manual successfully through my very busy overnight calls at Hahnemann University Hospital. I would not have even completed such a task without your unconditional blessings and guidance.

I also want to thank Sri Caitanyānandā for taking the time to create <u>Sri Chakra – Instructional Pūjā Manual</u> and audio CD - which formed the basic framework of this pūjā manual. Additional thanks also to Sri Caitanyānandā's humble disciples of the Sri Raajarajeswari Temple in Rush, New York for helping me obtain the anga pūjā portion of this manual and for inspiring and encouraging me to make this pūjā manual. Your assistance, too, is greatly acknowledged.

Finally, and just as important is my deep sincere gratitude and heart-felt thanks to my beloved wife, Mathuri, who saw the deep thirst I had to learn how to perform Murugan Pūjā - thank you my dear for helping me quench it by bringing to fruition this long desired wish of mine.

To read about how this pūjā manual came to fruition and how Bhagavan's grace guided a devotee to perform Skanda Pūjā, please visit:

www.skandagurunatha.org/satsang/darshan-puja-how-to-perform-skanda-puja.asp

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(Main Pūjā - Śrí Skanda-Jyōthi Vidhāna Shōdasa Upachāra Pūjā)

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Source: http://www.skandagurunatha.org/works/puja/

How to do pūjā?



By Satguru Siyaya Subramuniyaswami

From "Loving Ganesha" - Adapted for the worship of Lord Murugan

Love and joy come to Hindu families who worship Lord Murugan in their home through the traditional ceremony known as puja. By means of such sacred rites and the divine energies invoked, each family makes their house a sacred sanctuary, a refuge from the concerns and worries of the world. Pujas can be as simple as lighting a lamp and offering a flower at the Lord's holy feet; or they can be elaborate and detailed, with many chants and offerings. The indispensable part of any puja is devotion. Without love in the heart, outer performance is of little value. But with true devotion, even simple gestures are sacred ritual. In this chapter we present a simple puja that anyone desirous of invoking our loving Murugan can perform. Tamil, Sanskrit and English are given here, but the latter can easily be translated into your own native language. All family members should understand the meaning of the rites. Sanskrit should not become a barrier to

performing Murugan puja. After all, He understands all dialects. One need not be initiated to perform this puja invoking our Loving Murugan. All that is required is that the celebrant belief in the laws of karma and reincarnation, which are the cornerstones of Hindu ethical and philosophical doctrine. Murugan worship is enjoyed by all, Hindus and non-Hindus alike. Home puja is performed at least once a day, usually in the early morning. It is traditional to not partake of food at least three hours before puja, so puja is usually done prior to meals.

The Sanctity of the Home Shrine

All Hindus attend puja at their local temple at least once a week and maintain a sacred shrine at home, which esoterically functions as an extension of the temple. The shrine room is meticulously cared for and not used for purposes other than worship, prayer, scriptural study and meditation. Here puja, home liturgy, is performed daily, generally by the head of the house. All members of the family attend.

Creating a home shrine is not difficult. The altar should be close to the floor, since most of the puja is performed while seated, or when there are small children in the home it is often higher, out of their reach. For a Murugan shrine, an image, or *murti*, of Lord Murugan is placed at the center of the altar. A metal or stone image is best, but if not available there are two traditional alternatives:

- 1) a framed picture, preferably with a sheet of copper on the back, or
- 2) A *kumbha*, which is a symbol of Murugan made by placing a coconut on a brass pot of water with five mango leaves inserted between the coconut and the pot. The coconut should be husked but still have the fibers on the top.

Bathing the God's image, or *murti*, is part of the puja. For this, special arrangements may need to be made. Most simply, the *murti* may be placed in a deep tray to catch the water. After the bath, the tray is removed and the *murti* dried off, then dressed and decorated. More elaborately, a drain may be set up so the water flows into a pot at the side of the altar. This blessed water is later served by the *pujari*, who places a small spoonful in each devotee's right palm.



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Puja implements for the shrine are kept on a large and ideally metal tray. On it are arranged ghee lamps, bells, cups, spoons and small pots to hold the various sacraments. Available from Indian shops, these are dedicated articles, never used for purposes other than puja. The necessary items are:

- 1. two water cups and a small spoon for offering water;
- 2. a brass vessel of unbroken, uncooked rice mixed with enough turmeric to turn the rice yellow;
- 3. a tray or basket of freshly picked flowers (without stems) or loose flower petals;
- 4. a standing oil lamp, *dipastambha*, which remains lit throughout the puja; ideally kept lit through the day.
- 5. a *dipa* (lamp with cotton string wick) for waving light before the Deity;
- 6. a small metal bell. *ghanta*:
- 7. incense burner and a few sticks of incense, *agarbhatti*;
- 8. a container of holy ash, *vibhuti*;
- 9. a small vessel of sandalwood paste, *chandana*;
- 10. a small container of red powder, kunkuma;
- 11. *naivedya*, fresh fruit and/or a covered dish of freshly cooked food (most often rice) to offer the Deity;
- 12. a camphor (*karpura*) burner for passing the sacred flame before the God at the height of the puja.
- 13. Additional items may include: small Indian pots for bathing the *murti*, colorful clothing for dressing the *murti*, garlands and additional oil lamps to light and decorate the room, and a CD or tape player.

Before entering the shrine room, all attending the ceremony bathe, dress in clean clothes and bring a small offering of flowers or fruit (prepared before bathing). It is traditional for women during their monthly period to refrain from attending puja, entering the shrine or temple or approaching swamis or other holy men. Also during this time women do not help in puja preparation, such as picking flowers or making *prasada* for the Deity. At this time of retreat, ladies are allowed to rest and perform private *sadhanas*, such as hatha yoga, japa, *pranayama*, meditation and reading the holy texts.

This same rule applies to men or women with injuries that are in the process of healing; minor scratches are excepted. Cuts and injuries that bleed, internal bleeding and operations create psychic openings in the *pranic* aura that render the worshiper vulnerable to intrusion from lower astral Naraka denizens, who may enter or draw out energy and do damage with that energy. The custom protects the temple from *asuric* intrusion.

The period of retreat extends until the bleeding stops and there is no more danger of infection. A minor cut or scratch may reach this point within a few hours. A deeper cut will generally take two or three days to knit to the point that no restriction is required. A severe wound may take ten days or longer. A major operation, such as heart surgery, caesarean section or appendicitis, might require several weeks or even longer, until the person feels whole again. This means that you do not go to a Hindu temple to get healed from injuries such as these, though loved ones can go to pray on your behalf.

During festivals and special pujas it is customary to decorate the offering tray, altar and shrine.

Instructions for Puja

In performing the puja, preparation is of utmost importance -- gathering flowers, cleaning the altar and puja tray, making ready the oil lamps and preparing the fruit and/or cooked food offering. It is common to chant the 108 or 1,008 holy names of our loving Murugan or to softly sing devotional songs while performing these tasks. This quiets the mind of the devotees and brings their awareness close to Him. Indeed, all this preparation is an integral part of worship.

Before beginning the puja, check the altar to make sure all necessary articles are there -- for having to get a missing item later would disrupt the flow of puja. Hold the attitude that, as *pujari*, you are a servant of the Gods, a channel for the spiritual energies. Only thoughts of God are on your mind as you perform puja, thus allowing the outpouring of Divine blessings.



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All items are arranged the same way for each puja so they can be reached automatically when needed, with those most frequently used closest to hand. Tradition provides a caution: you should never perform puja during or shortly after experiencing anger, deep emotional upset or crying, but it would be all right to attend. Puja is a yoga, or link, between this and inner worlds. Therefore, you must be at your best in mood and emotion to assist in making this connection. Before performing puja you should be freshly dressed, clean and undistracted by daily concerns. Having bathed beforehand, enter the shrine room and prostrate, this being the only time you prostrate until the conclusion of the puja.

The form of prostration differs for men and women. Men perform "eight-limbed obeisance," *ashtanga pranama*, a fully prone pose in which hands, chest, forehead, knees and feet touch the ground. Women perform "five-limbed obeisance," *panchanga pranama*, a kneeling pose in which hands, head and legs touch the ground (with ankles crossed, right over the left). Another term for prostration is *pranipata*, "falling down in obeisance."

When everything is ready, take your seat in a cross-legged posture (never kneeling) in front of and to the left of the altar (or on the Deity's right), facing the Deity but turned slightly to the right. Close your eyes, sit quietly for a moment and tune your nerve system to God Murugan and the sacred puja you are about to perform. If others are attending your puja, be careful not to sit directly in front of the Deity, thereby blocking their view of the altar. Generally one remains seated throughout the ritual, though in some shrines it may be more comfortable to stand during the *arati* or throughout the puja. When small children are in the home, the shrine room is locked so they do not disturb the contents. If a lockable room is not available, the altar is raised so as to be out of reach, and the puja is performed standing up. Those attending will usually sit during most of the ceremony, then stand during the main *arati*. However, this again may be left to individual discretion in consideration of the height of the shrine.

During the ritual, you will be making many offerings to the God. All offerings are made with the right hand, never the left, though there are occasions when both hands are used and the left hand is held under the right hand, as if supporting it. When done correctly, this makes a beautiful gesture of sincere offering.

The offering of food is an important part of puja. Traditionally a simple dish of cooked rice is prepared especially for the Deity, with cooking utensils reserved for this purpose alone. If cooked food is not offered, then freshly cut fruit may be substituted. Keep the offering covered until the point in the puja when the *pranas* (life energies) of the food are offered to the Deity. Keeping the food covered helps to preserve purity and contain the *pranas*, which the Gods and devas can see and absorb and enjoy and reflect back into the auras of devotees to cleanse them. After the puja, the food offerings -- along with holy ash (*vibhuti*), sacred water (*tirtha*), sandalwood paste (*chandana*), red powder (*kunkuma*) and flowers (*pushpa*) -- are passed out and enjoyed as *prasadam*.

A recording of sacred chanting from the *Vedas* is played softly before the puja. At the high point, as the *arati* is presented, loud drums and *nagasvaras* resound. As the sacraments are passed out by the *pujari*, the divine *ragas* are heard softly played on the vina as everyone enjoys quiet meditation, internalizing their worship.

After the sacraments are passed out, ask everyone present to chant Aum three times and then to sit quietly and internalize worship on God within them. Externalized worship traditionally is followed by internalized worship in the Siddhanta tradition. This is because all the *pranas* invoked during the puja must be transferred into the devotees. This is accomplished by japa yoga, which quiets the external mind and brings one into a state of meditation, awareness aware of itself without distraction. This simple practice of mentally chanting Aum many, many times followed by a period of meditation and self-reflection alone makes devotees strong enough to face the external world with enhanced willpower, true confidence and a heart filled with love, realizing that we are truly one world, one family.

Visualize Ganesha sitting on the *muladhara* chakra, Murugan on the *manipura* and Siva on the *sahasrara* chakra. This chakra bhakti makes worshipers strong and prepares them inwardly to face with confidence the karmas of the day. Encourage everyone to sit quietly for a while to enjoy the shakti of the *sannidhya*, the everpresent feeling of the Divine, that the God, Gods, inner-plane gurus and devas suffuse in the shrine room. For during the puja, you and all attending had lost physical,



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emotional and intellectual consciousness, having been so intently focused upon the God you were devotionally invoking. Now everyone should be encouraged by you to turn awareness within to the true Self. While holding within your mind the image of the God you have been worshiping, become conscious of the God Consciousness of the energy of all your bodies, of the movement of the breath, of the light that lights your thoughts, of the divine energy that pervades the universe, and of the high-pitched "eee" sound that is heard ringing in the head like a million temple bells. Intuit these five as coming directly from God within. When you have experienced all these at the same time, you have attained the five-fold God consciousness.

Internalizing worship in this way gives you and all members of the family strength to face the outside world, its daily challenges and, yes, school tests. Internalizing worship is the core of the Sanatana Dharma. It is the root, stem and blossom of the highest chakra, the 1,000-petalled lotus. It is the force that gives the strength to resist temptation, to turn others from their bad ways and to face up to and live through birth karmas, *prarabdha* karmas, that are brought with you in this life. It gives the courage to resist making new, especially unwanted, karmas to be faced at a later date. It gives the willpower needed in this Kali Yuga to survive. It gives the love which provokes the understanding to overlook and forgive, then forget. Finally, internalized worship gives the peace of mind, the *shanti*, in which all saints, sages, mahatmas and great seers dwell, in their jnana of how things work in their universe of which we are a vital part.

There are few restrictions on the performance of the puja to Loving Murugan. He understands life as it is. Fathers, mothers, children, grandparents, widows, divorcees and divorces all may perform His worship in home shrines where no *yantra* has ceremoniously been installed through the traditional *balasthapana* ceremony. He knows the world and all its worldliness. He enjoys the worship of His devotees. Although Himself a *shakahari*, that is, a vegetarian, He gladly accepts even the worship of devotees who include meat, fish, fowl, eggs or bugs in their diet at home. He is literate in every language of the world at any given time, but loves those unknowing of languages no less than those who are multilingual. Even though He is a virgin, He welcomes the worship of those who have enjoyed the specious pleasures of promiscuity. He, our loving Murugan, is the God of humans and all sentient beings. But beware, He will guide them slowly in inscrutable ways. The "druggies" will become drugless, the *mansahari*, meat eaters, will become "veggies" and none will ever know what happened. He will prick their conscience so that guilt comes up and lift their soul to heights sublime. Therefore, even if you do not know Tamil or

Sanskrit, His favorite languages among all His other favorite languages, you may perform this worship to Him in English or in any other language it would be easily translated into, and He will hear. Yes, He will hear.

End Notes:

- This pūjā instructional manual was made for devotees who desire to worship Bhagavan Sri Skanda according to traditional Hindu rites. It is not meant to be an elaborate vedic pūjā, but rather a simple one that devotees may perform in their home daily with love for Lord Murugan. May you peruse all that is contained in this pūjā manual and obtain Sri Skanda's grace in full measure
- With regards to pronunciation, again, ideally, it helps to learn everything from a competent enlightened guru. Learning Sanskrit is like learning an entirely new language, however, pratice and constant reevaluation of one's chanting will eventually perfect the pronunciation. Absolute faith in God will lead you to a (physical) Guru who will help you in your sadhana or God himself will come & instruct you such is the experience of one devotee:

 www.skandagurunatha.org/satsang/darshan-puja-how-to-perform-skanda-puja.asp
- This is an atmartha pūjā performed in the home for the benefit of one's self and family. Any mistakes/shortcomings performed in the pūjā are accounted for in Step 16 (of this pūjā manual) arghya pradhānam. In this step of the pūjā, one offers apologies & requests pardon for any shortcomings of one's pūjā to the Lord. Learn the pūjā and then teach it to your children (if you have any). They will benefit for the rest of their lives with an open channel to Lord Ganesha & Lord Murugan, who will bless them everyday.
- To read about Divine experiences with Bhagavan Sri Skanda, visit: <u>www.skandagurunatha.org/satsang</u>



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Typical steps of a pūjā

|| A - pūrvānga pūjā ||

(Preliminary Pūjā - steps involved before the main pūjā where Lord Ganesha and Guru is worshipped along with the items to be used for pūjā)

|| ganëshā invocation ||

(Invocation of Lord Ganapathi to successfully complete the pūjā)

|| guru invocation ||

(Invocation of Guru)

|| āchamanyam ||

(Purification rites for pūjā - mind, body, and soul)

|| prānāyāmaha ||

(Control of breath and mind - to allow concentration on pūjā via purification of lungs by inhaling fresh air and exhaling impure air from one nostril to another)

|| āsana pūjā ||

(Sanctifying the pūjā location of the pūjāri & offering oblations to Bhuma dëví - Mother Earth)

|| ghantā pūjā ||

(Invocation of the celestial beings aka Dëvās to the pūjā via the bell/ghanta)

|| dípa pūjā ||

(Invocation of the divine light - Goddess Jyothi - to dispel darkness)

|| kalasa pūjā ||

(Invocation of divine sacred waters into the kalasam)

|| mahā ganapathi pūjā ||

(Pūjā to Lord Ganesha)



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|| B - pradhāna pūjā ||

(Main Pūjā - Śrí Skanda Jyōthi Vidhāna Rāja Upachāra Pūjā)

|| 0 - sankalpaha / sankalpam ||

(Declaration of pūjā - location, time, participant, and purpose)

|| 1 - dhyānam ||

(Meditating - on the Lord)

|| 2 - āvāhanam ||

(Offering invitation via mudrās / elaborate hand gestures - to the Lord)

- || prāna pratishthā mantrāhā || (Invoking life into the Deity)
- || kara nyāsam ||
 (Establishment of Divinity in the Hands)
- || anga nyāsam || (Establishment of Divinity in the Body)
- || dhyānam || (Meditation of Divinity within Self)

|| samasta rāja upachāra pūjā ||

(Honouring the Lord via the following big/grand gestures...)

|| 3 - āsanam ||

(Offering a seat - to the Lord)

|| 4 - pādyam ||

(Offering water to wash the feet - of the Lord)

|| 5 - arghyam ||

(Offering water to wash the hands - of the Lord)

|| 6 - āchamaníyam ||

(Offering water to drink - to the Lord)

|| 7 - madhuparkam ||

(Giving honey - to the Lord)

| 8 - snānam / mahābhishëkam |

(Giving a bath - to the Lord)

|| 9 - vastram ||

(Offering clothes - to the Lord)

|| 10 - yajñōpavítam / upavítam ||

(Offering Holy Thread - to the Lord)

|| 11 - ābaranām ||

(Offering Jewellry - to the Lord)

|| 12 - vibhūthim ||

(Offering vibhūthi - to the Lord)

| 13 - vilëpanam / gandham |

(Offering fragrant sandalwood paste - to the Lord)

|| 14 - akshatham ||

(Offering akshatās (tumeric rice) - to the Lord)

|| 15 - pushpamālām / pushpam ||

(Offering flower-gardland/flowers - to the Lord)

|| 16 - ashthōtharam ||

(Chanting the Holy 108 Names - of the Lord)



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Source: http://www.skandagurunatha.org/works/puja/

|| C - uttarānga pūjā ||

(Last part of the pūjā where the Lord is honoured by showing dhūpam, deepam, and naivedyam)

|| 17 - dhūpam ||

(Offering incense fragrance - to the Lord)

|| 18 - dípam ||

(Offering light - to the Lord)

|| 19 - naivëdyam ||

(Offering food - to the Lord)

|| **20 - phalam** ||

(Offering fruits - to the Lord)

|| 21 - dakshinam ||

(Offering money - to the Lord)

|| 22 - tāmbūlam ||

(Offering betel nut & leaf (mint) - to the Lord)

|| 23 - karpūra nírājanam ||

(Offering ārathi - to the Lord)

|| 24 - mantra pushpam ||

(The flower of Vedic Chants aka Offering incantations & flowers - to the Lord)

|| 25 - prārthanām / upachārāh ||

(Offering prayers via singing sacred hymns - to the Lord - to invoke His grace & auspiciousness)

|| 26 - mangala ārathi ||

(Offering camphor lamp/light with song of praise - to the Lord - to invoke His grace & auspiciousness)

|| 27 & 28 - pradakshina namaskāram ||

(Circumbulating around & prostrating to - the Lord)

|| 29 & 30 - arghya pradhānam & upāyana dhānam ||

(arghya pradhānam = Offering apologies & requesting pardon for any shortcomings of your pūjā - from the Lord

&

upāyana dhānam = Honoring Guru/Priest/Devotee present at the pūjā (as the Lord Himself)

|| 31 - kshamāpanam ||

(Asking for forgiveness - from the Lord)

|| **32 - samarpanam** ||

(Dedicating the fruits of your pūjā - to the Lord)



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Guide to pronunciation

 From "Sri Suktam with Samputita Sri Suktam."
 (Karunamayi, Sri Sri Vijayesari Devi. <u>Sri Suktam with Samputita Sri Suktam.</u> Banglaore: Sri Matrudevi Viswashanthi Ashram Trust, 2004.)

This guide is based on American pronunciation of words, and is therefore not a perfect representation of Sanskrit sounds.

Sanskrit Vowels

	1'1 '
a	like a in n a p

- ā like a in father
- ë like av in may
- i like i in pin
- i like ee in sweet
- $\bar{\mathbf{o}}$ like \mathbf{o} in rose
- u like u in put
- $\bar{\mathbf{u}}$ like **oo** in food
- ha pronounce as a faint echoing of the previous vowel; e.g. ah: would

be pronounced "aha"; ih: would be pronounced "ihi"; uh: would be

pronounced "uhu"; etc.

ai like ai in aisle

au like ow in cow

Sanskrit Consonants

b like **b** in **b**ird

bh like **b h** in jo**b h**unt

ch like pinch

d like d in dove

dh like d h in good heart

g like good

gh like g h in log hut

h like h in hot

•	1'1 .		• 1
J	like j	ın	job

- jh like dgeh in hedgehog
- jñ like ng y in sing your
- k like k in kite
- kh like ck h in black hat
- l like l in love
- m like m in mother
- ñ like n in pinch
- p like p in soap
- ph like ph in up hill
- r rolled like a Spanish or Italian "r"
- s like s in sun
- **s** sometimes like **s** in **s**un, sometimes like "sya" sound
- t like rt in heart
- th like t h in fat hat
- v like v in love, sometimes like w in world
- y like y in yes

*t, th, d, dh, and n should be pronounced with the tongue placed against the protruding slightly beyond the upper teeth.



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Nakshatrās (for Sankalpam):

Nakshati as (101 Sankaipam).				
Rāsi	Tamil	Sanskrit		
	nakshatram (pādam)	nakshatram (pādam)		
1. mesha	ashwini (1,2,3,4)	ashwini (1,2,3,4)		
	bhārani (1,2,3,4)	bhārani (1,2,3,4)		
	kārthigai (1)	krittikā (1)		
2. vrishaba	kārthigai (2,3,4)	krittikā (2,3,4)		
	rohini (1,2,3,4)	rohini (1,2,3,4)		
	mrigasheersham (1,2)	mrigaseera (1,2)		
3. mithuna	mrigasheersham (3,4)	mrigaseera (3,4)		
	thiruvaathirai (1,2,3,4)	ārdrā (1,2,3,4)		
	punarpoosam (1,2,3)	punarvasu (1,2,3)		
4. kataka	punarpoosam (4)	punarvasu (4)		
	poosam (1,2,3,4)	poosam (1,2,3,4)		
	āyilyam (1,2,3,4)	āslesha (1,2,3,4)		
5. simha	magham (1,2,3,4)	magham (1,2,3,4)		
	pooram (1,2,3,4)	poorvaphalguni (1,2,3,4)		
	uthiram (1)	uttaraphalguni (1)		
6. kanya	uthiram (2,3,4)	uttaraphalguni (2,3,4)		
	hastham (1,2,3,4)	hastha (1,2,3,4)		
	chithirai (1,2)	chitra (1,2)		
7. tula	chithirai (3,4)	chitra (3,4)		
	swāthi (1,2,3,4)	swāthi (1,2,3,4)		
	visākham (1,2,3)	visākha (1,2,3)		

8. vrishchika	visākham (4) anusham (1,2,3,4) kettai (1,2,3,4)	visākam (4) anurāda (1,2,3,4) jyeshthā (1,2,3,4)
9. dhanu	moolam (1,2,3,4) poorādam (1,2,3,4) uthirādam (1)	moola (1,2,3,4) poorvashada (1,2,3,4) uttarashada (1)
10. makara	uthirādam (2,3,4) thiruvonam (1,2,3,4) āvittam (1,2)	uttarashada (2,3,4) shravana (1,2,3,4) dhanishta (1,2)
11. kumbha	āvittam (3,4) sadayam (1,2,3,4) poorattāthi (1,2,3)	dhanishta (3,4) shatabhisha (1,2,3,4) poorvabhadra (1,2,3)
12. meena	poorattāthi (4) uthirattāthi (1,2,3,4) revathi (1,2,3,4)	poorvabhadra (4) uttarabhadra (1,2,3,4) revathi (1,2,3,4)



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|| A - pūrvānga pūjā ||

(Preliminary Pūjā - steps involved before the main pūjā where Lord Ganesha and Guru is worshipped along with the items to be used for pūjā)

ōm dëvím (dëvam) vācha maja nayanta dëvāstām - vishvarūpā pachavōvadantím - sānō mantresha mūrjam juhāna dënur - vākasmān upasrushtidaitu - ayam muhurto sumuhurto astu

By chanting your name Oh Lord, may this place, this time, and this occasion be auscpicious.

|| ganëshā invocation ||

(Invocation of Lord Ganapathi to successfully complete the pūjā without mental, physical, & spiritual obstacles)



[Make two closed fists and gently tap the temples of your forehead with your knuckles.]

ōm suklām baradharam vishnum - śaśi varnam chaturbhujam - prasanna vadanam dhyāyët - sarva vighnopaśāntayë

O Lord dressed in splendid white, pervading the universe, shining radiantly like rays of the full moon, having four mighty arms and a charming, happy face, we meditate on you that all obstacles may be quelled.

mamōpātta - samasta - duritakshayadvārā - śrí paramëśvara paramëśvarí prítyartham - ādau vighnëśvara pūjām karishyë

|| guru invocation ||

(Invocation of Guru)



guru brahmā - guru vishnu - guru dëvo mahëshvarā - guru sākshāt parabrahmā - tasmai śrí guravë namaha

Guru is Brahmā - Guru is Vishnu - Guru is Maheswara - Guru is Supreme Brahman - Prostrations unto my Guru.

[If you do not have a Guru... chant the following for Lord Dakshinamoorthi, the Supreme Guru of all Gurus and of the entire universe]

nidhayë sarva vidyānām - bishajë bhava rōginām - guravë sarvalōkānām - dakshināmoortayë namaha

|| āchamanyam ||

(Purification rites for pūjā - mind, body, and soul)



[Sprinkle some vibhuthi into the āchamaníyam & pour one drop of water into your right hand and sip while chanting each of the verses below - for the fourth verse, allow the water to wash off your hand (do not drink it).]

ōm — ātma tattvāya svāhā — sivā tattvāya svāhā — vidyā tattvāya svāhā — sarva tattvāya svāhā

śrí guru – parama guru – para mështhi guru – divya guru - śaranam



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|| prānāyāmaha ||

(Control of breath and mind – for one-pointed concentration during $p\bar{u}j\bar{a}$ via purification of lungs by inhaling fresh air and exhaling impure air from one nostril to another)



[Perform prānāyāma with the mantra below...then touch the right ear]

ōm bhūhū - ōm bhūvaha - ōgm sūvaha - ōm maha

- ōm janaha - ōm tapaha - ōgm satyam - ōm tat
saviturvarënyam - bhargō dëvasya dhímahi -

 $dhiy\bar{o}y\bar{o}nah\;prach\bar{o}dhay\bar{a}t(u)-\bar{o}m\;\bar{a}paha-jy\bar{o}ti$

rasaha - amrutam brahmā - bhūr-bhūvas-sūvarōm

|| āsana pūjā ||

(Sanctifying the pūjā location of the pūjāri & offering oblations to Bhuma dëví - Mother Earth)

[Using the mrukhi mudrā, touch your head, your lips, and your heart while chanting...]

ōm asya śrí āsana mahā mantrasya - prthivyā mëruprushta rshih:
sutalam chandaha - kurmo dëvatā - āsanë viniyōgaha — pruthvit vayā dhrtā
lōkā devi tvam visnunā dhrutā - tvancha dhāraya mām - dëví pavitram
cāsam kuru



[Take akshatās and place some on the floor in clockwise position starting from north west & finally in the center of where you are sitting]

ōm yōgāsanāya namaha - virāsanāya namaha - sarāsanāya namaha - samyōgāsanāya namaha - ōm hrím ādhārasakti kamalāsanāya namaha — ōm rakta dvādaśa śaktiyuktāya dvípanāthāya namaha - ōm bhūmādëvyai namaha

|| ghantā pūjā ||

(Invocation of the celestial beings aka Dëvās to the pūjā via the bell/ghanta)



[Hold the bell to the level of your heart and start ringing it while chanting...]

ōm jagadvani mantra mātah hum pat svāhā āgamārthantu dëvānām - gamanārtham tu rakshasām - kuru ghantāravam - karōmyādau - dëvatāhvāna kāranam - ghantā nātham krutvā - harih: ōm

|| dípa pūjā ||

(Invocation of the divine light - Goddess Jyothi - to dispel darkness)

[Light the lamp and chant...]

dípa dëví - mahā dëví - subham bhavatu më sadā yāvat pūjā samāptih - syāt tāvatvam prajvala sustirā bhava - dípa dëvyai namaha - harihi ōm





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|| kalasa pūjā ||

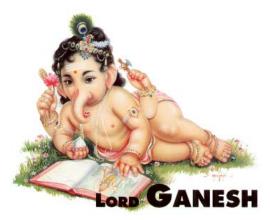
(Invocation of divine sacred waters into the kalasam)

[Take water-filled pancha pātram & udhrini & add aromatic herbs (cardamom, tumeric, and kumkum). Decorate the vessel with sandalwood paste & kumkum. Close it with the right hand so the udhrini is held between the middle & ring fingers while reciting the mantra below - invoking the holy rivers (Gangā, Yamunā, Gōdāvari, Saraswathi, Narmadā, Sindhu, Kāvëri)into the pancha pātram.]

ōm kalaśasya mukhë - vishnu kanthë - rudrah samāśritāha - mūlë tatra sthitō - bramā madhyë - mātruganāh smrutāha - kukshau tu sāgarāh - sarvë sapta dvípā vasundharā - rg vëda - yajūr vëda - sāma vëda - abhya atharvana - angaiścha sahitā - sarvë kalaśāmbu samāśritāha - āyāntu - śrí skanda-jyōthi (dëví / name of festival) pūjārtham - duritakshaya kārakāh - gangā - cha yamunā - chaiva gōdāvari sarasvathí - narmadë sindhu kavëri - jalë asmin sannidhim kuru — am ām - im ím - um ūm - rum rūm - lum lūm - ëm - aim - ōm - oum - am - aham - ōm hrím drām dattātrëyāya namaha - iti pūjā upakaranāni - dravyāni - ātmānan cha - tam prōkshaya - harih: ōm

|| mahā ganapathi pūjā ||

[Perform Ganesha pūjā...Show the Trikanda mudrā; if you do not know how to do it, hold a flower with your ring and middle fingers to the heart and chant:]



|| dhyānam ||

ōm ganānām tvā ganapatigm havāmahë kavim kavínām upamaśra vastamam - jyëstharājam brahmanām brahmanaspata ānah - śrnvan ūtibih: sída sādanam

May we worship Sri Ganeśa, the protector of noble people - The best Poet, the most honorable, the greatest ruler and the treasure of all

knowledge - O Ganeśa, please listen to us and take your seat in our heart. [ganeśa invocation; rig vēda 2.23.1]

ōm śrí mahā ganādhipathayë namaha - śrí gurubhyo namaha – harih: ōm



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[Chant Lord Ganeśa's mula ("root") mantra below 4x - also known as His bija mantra, for it combines Ganeśa's bija ("seed") sound, "gam," with the phrase, "Praise be to Ganapathi." This mantra is used for yoga sadhana in which we invoke Ganeśa and merge ourself with His supreme knowledge and peace.

Visualize the four-petal lotus of the $m\bar{u}l\bar{a}dh\bar{a}r\bar{a}$ chakkr \bar{a} - Chant 4x...]

ōm - śrím hrím klím glaum gam ganapathayë - vara varada sarva janam me vashamānāya svāhā

[Visualize the top of the head (the space just above where your hair is) - where the $g\bar{u}r\bar{u}$'s feet is - Chant 8x...]

ōm - hamsa siya sōham - hamsaha

hsraim - hskala hrím - hsrasouh mahāpadmā - vanāntasthë - kāranānda [vigrahë / bimbë / śrí yantrë] statue / picture / yantra sarva bhuta hitë mātah ëhyehí ëhyehí parameśvarā || āvāhanam ||

[Show the āvāhana mudrā]

śrí mahā-ganapatim āvāhayāmi



[Show the sannithapana mudrā] **śrí mahā-ganapatim sthyāyāmi**



[Show the anjali mudrā]

śrí mahā-ganapatim pūjāyāmi namaha





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[Chant & visualize in your mind the service being performed - this is mānasa pūjā] || āsanam ||

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha idam idam āsanam kalpayāmi namaha

We humbly prepare for You a seat to sit upon, Lord Ganesha.

|| pādyam ||

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha pādayōho pādyam kalpayāmi namaha

We humbly bathe each of Your white lotus feet, Lord Ganesha.

|| arghyam ||

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha arghyam pradāna kalpayāmi namaha

We humbly offer You water to drink, Lord Ganesha.

|| āsanam ||

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha ratna simhāsanam kalpayāmi namaha

We humbly prepare for You a jewel-studded, lion-footed throne to sit upon, Lord Ganesha.

|| snānam ||

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha snānam parikalpayāmi namaha

We humbly give You a bath, Lord Ganesha.

|| āchamaníyam ||

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha snāna antaram āchamaníyam kalpayāmi namaha

We humbly offer You fresh, pure water for sipping, Lord Ganesha.

|| vastram ||

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha pithavastrāni kalpayāmi namaha

We humbly offer You fresh new clothes to dress in, Lord Ganesha.

|| ābaranam ||

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha sarvābharanāni kalpayāmi namaha

We humbly offer jewelry to decorate you with, Lord Ganesha.

|| gandham ||

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha divya parimalagandhān kalpayāmi namaha

We humbly anoint You with divine and exceedingly fragrant sandalwood paste, Lord Ganesha.

|| kunkumam ||

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha haridrā kunkumam kalpayāmi namaha

We humbly anoint You with red, red tumeric kunkuma, Lord Ganesha.

|| pushpam ||

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha pushpaih: pūjāyāmi namaha

We humbly offer You with beautiful flowers, Lord Ganesha.



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|| archanā ||

(Chant the names of Lord Ganesha - each one delineating an aspect of His infinite and indescribable nature. Each name is preceded by the mantra "ōm" and followed by "namaha," meaning "obeisance, praise, adoration, or homage" to.)

[Chant each name below and offer flowers/akshatās:]

ōm sumukhāya namaha

Adoration to Him whose face is always shining.

ōm ëka-dantāya namaha

Adoration to Him who has one tusk.

ōm kapilāya namaha

Adoration to Him whose form is red/pink in color.

ōm gaja-karnakāya namaha

Adoration to Him who has huge elephant ears.

ōm lambōdarāya namaha

Adoration to Him who has a large belly.

ōm vikatāya namaha

Adoration to Him who is large and beautiful.

ōm vighna-rājāva namaha

Adoration to Him who is the Lord of obstacles.

ōm vināyakāya namaha

Adoration to Him who is the Remover of obstacles.

ōm dhūma-këtavë namaha

Adoration to Him who controls Dhumaketu ("Halley's Comet" in the Vedas)*
*Whenever Halley's Comet appears, on the whole planet Earth, there will be fear, terror, bloodshed and death of important people.

ōm ganādhyak-shyāya namaha

Adoration to Him who is the skillful leader.

ōm bālachandrāya namaha

Adoration to Him whose childlike forehead contains the moon.

ōm gajāna-nāya namaha

Adoration to Him who has an elephant's face.

ōm vakra-tundāya namaha

Adoration to Him with the curved trunk.

ōm shūrpakarnāya namaha

Adoration to Him with ears like winnowing fans.

ōm hërambāya namaha

Adoration to Him who is the Protector of the weak.

ōm skanda pūrvajāya namaha

Adoration to Him who is Skanda's elder brother.

ōm siddhi vināyakā svaminë namaha

Adoration to Him, the accomplished One, who is the Lord & bestower of attainment & wisdom.

nānā vidha parimala mantra pushpāni samarpayāmi



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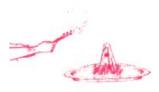


|| dhūpam ||

[Ring the bell loudly and offer incense and chant the Ganesha Gāyatri Mantra...]

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha – dhūpam āgrhāpayāmi

The finest incense, of magical qualities, of full and varied fragrances, for Your enjoyment, Lord Ganesha, we set aflame and offer to You.



[Gāyatrí refers to a special three-line Vedic meter used in mantras for invoking and focusing consciousness on the Deity. The gāyatrís shown below are intoned during pūjā and yajñas. They may also be recited as powerful japa — repeated again and again, while gently regulating the breath according to systematic rhythms given by one's guru to establish a deep inner connection with Lord Ganesha.]

ōm ëkandantāya vidmahë vakratundāya dhímahi tanno dantih prachōdhayāt(u)

We devote our thought to the one-tusked Lord. We meditate upon Him who has a curved trunk. May the tusked One guide us on the right path. (Ganapati Upanishad)

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha - dhūpam āgrhāpayami - dhūpāntaram āchamaníyam samarpayāmi

|| dípam ||

[Ring the bell loudly and show the lamp and chant the following Ganesha Gāyatri...]

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha - dípam darshayāmi



Spreading before and around us, purity and peace abound, as this holy flame illumines all with clarity. This divine flame we have shown You, Lord Ganesha, may all receive Your grace.

ōm tatpurushāya vidmahë vakratundāya dhímahi tanno dantih prachōdhayāt(u)

We devote our thought to that supreme person. We meditate upon Him who has a curved trunk. May the tusked One guide us on the right path. (Nithyana Upanishad)

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha - dípam darshayāmi - dípāntaram āchamaníyam samarpayāmi



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|| naivëdyam ||

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha - amrita mahā naivëdyam nivëdayāmi



[Take water in your hand and sprinkle on prasadam (food items) to be offered to Lord Ganesha while chanting...]

ōm bhūr - bhūvasūvaha - tat saviturvarënyam - bhargō dëvasya dhímahi - dhíyōyōnah prachōdhayāt(u) - parōrajasë sāvadōm - om āpōjyōtiraśamrutam - brahma bhūrbhūvasūvarōm - dëva - savita - prasūva - amritam astu - amritōpastaranamasi

O Divine Beings of all three worlds - We meditate upon the glorious splendor of the Vivifier divine - May He illumine our minds - We add Truth to Truth. May this sweet and fragrant food be transformed into nectar.

🕸 ig věda 3.62.10 - This sacred verse is also called the Sävitri Mantra, being addressed to Sävitri, the Sun as Creator, and is considered a universal mystic formula so significant that it is called, Vědamät®i, "mother of the Vedas."

satyam tvartëna parisinchayāmi / rtam tvā satyëna parisinchayāmi

(if daytime i.e .before 6pm)

(if night time i.e after 6pm)

[Chant the following while showing the naivedya (Grasa) mudrās - sweeping with all the love in your heart - this offers the praoic essence and fragrance of the food into the Deity's nose and mouth:]

ōm prānāya svāhā - ōm apānāya svāhā - ōm vyānāya svāhā - ōm udānāya svāhā - ōm samānāya svāhā - ōm brahmanë svāhā

madhyë madhyë amrtapāníyam samarpayāmi - amritamastu - amrita pithānamasi - uttarā poshanam samarpayāmi

Salutations to all the Gods and Dëvās present! May this humble plate of food be accepted aomg the finest meals you have ever received. To the best of our ability in the worship of You, we offer the sacred essence of this food and humbly beg that You accept and receive it.



[Close your eyes and hold a clear visualization of Lord Ganesha accepting and partaking the meal. Then pour 3 drops of water from udrini as you wash the feet, hands, and mouth as Lord Ganesha has just accepted your prasadam offering.]

hastou prakshālayāmi - pādou prakshālayāmi kandūcham āchamaniyam *(cha kalpayāmi)* samarpayāmi namaha - harih: - ōm



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|| karpūra nírājanam ||

[Hoist the camphor lamp and show it three times to the Deity while chanting:]

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha - ānanda karpūra nírājana dípam darshayāmi



ōm rājādhi rājāya prasahya sāhinë - namō vayamvaí: sravanaya kūrmahë - samëkāmān kāma kāmaya mahyam kāmësvarō vaí: sravanō dadātu - kubërāya vaí: sravanaya mahā rājāya namaha:

King of kings, we praise thee - Who is the giver of all victories - Who is the fulfiller of all desires - Please bless me with wealth - To fulfill all our desires - Oh, Kubhera (Lord of Wealth), we praise thee - Salutations to the King of kings.

[Ganesha Gāyathri]

ōm tatpurushāya vidmahë - vakratundāya dhímahi - tanno dantih prachōdhayāt(u)

We devote our thought to that supreme person - We meditate upon Him who has a curved trunk - May the tusked One guide us on the right path.



[Take the udrini, encircle on top of the lamp, and offer a drop of water from the udrini while chanting...]

ōm gam ganapatayë namaha - karpūra nírājana dípam darshayāmi - nírājana āntaram āchamaníyam samarpayāmi namaha - harih: - ōm

|| pradakshina namaskāram ||

ōm - vakratunda mahākāya - surya kōti samaprabha - nirvighnam kuru më dëva - sarva kāryësu sarvadā

O Lord whose form has a curved trunk (vakratunda) and large body (mahākāya) - Whose brilliance is that of a million suns (surya kōti) - Please free all my endeavors from any obstacles that may arise.



[Take akshatās or flowers from Ganapati and place them on your head. Then move Ganapati (or yourself) and chant...]

ōm śrí mahā-ganapati prasādam sirasā
grihanāmi - vighnëshvaram yathā sthānam
pratishtāpayāmi namaha

śrí gurubhyo namah - harih: ōm

ōm śrí mahā-ganapati pūjā samāptham *Thus, concludes Ganesha pūjā*



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|| B - pradhāna pūjā ||

(Main Pūjā - Śrí Skanda Jyōthi Vidhāna Shōdasa Upachāra Pūjā)

|| sankalpam ||

(Declaration of pūjā - location, time, participant, and purpose)



[Take akshatās rice in left hand, cover with right hand, place on your right knee and chant..]

shubhë sōbhana muhurtë - adhya bramanah dvítíya parārdhë - svëtavarāha kalpë - vaivasvata manvantarë - ashtāmvimsati tvamë - kaliyugë - prathamepādë - krauncha dvipë - merōr uttara pārsvë - sālivāhana sahāpthë - asminë - vartamānë - vyāvahārikë - prabhavādi sasti samvasaranām madhyë - chāndramānëna amerikanāma khandë - [town] trināmaksetrë - [closest river] mahā punya nadi dhirë - śrí [name of peetam] punya grhë - skandā nāma

samvatsarë - skandā nāma ayanë - skandā nāma rtau - skandā nāma māsë - skandā nāma paksë - skandā śubhatithau - skandā vāsara yuktayām - skandā śubha nakshatra yuktayām - śubhayōga - śubhakarana - sakala vishësana viśishtāyām - asyām - śubhatithau - mamōpātta - samasta - duritakshayadvārā - śrí paramëśvara paramëśvarí prítyartham

[chant your nakshatram/rasi/name]	[if married - wife's nakshatram/rasi/name]
[] gōtra udpavasya	dharma badini
(Siva if gōtram unknown)	
// nakshatra jadë	// nakshatra jād
[] rāsi	// rāsi
[name] sharma nāmadesya	[name] ambā samëtha
(if female - amba namadesya)	
	sakakutumbasya,
	mithrakutumbasya

kshëma - sthairya - vírya - vijaya - āyur - ārōgya - aisvarayānām - ābhi vrddhyartham - samasta mangala avāptyartham - samasta durita upashāntyartham - ishta kāmyartha siddhyartham

[Purpose: to obtain the following four palapurushās = righteousness, wealth, fulfillment of desires, and liberation]

dharma - ārtha - kāmya - moksha - chaturvida - palapurushārtha - siddhyartham



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[Type of pūjā: śrí skanda jyōthi vidhāna shōdasa upachāra] śrí vallí dëva-sënā samëtha - śrí subrahmanya swāminë paripurna anugraha siddhyartham

śrí skanda-jyōthi vidhāna shōdasa upachāra pūjām karishyë - tadangam kalasa pūjām karishyë

At this particularly auspicious moment, time, and place, may we realize the fullness of your grace & to the best of our ability perform this Skanda-Jyōthi pūjā. Aum - by touching pure water, we, too, become pure.

[Place the rice that was in your palm(representing all your hopes, wishes, desires as stated in your sankalpam) at Lord Murugan's feet.]



[Cleanse your palms]

apa-upas prushya

[Touch your heart and chant the following, which means 'I am that (the object of my worship) - i.e. there is no difference between God and I - we are one and the same]

mama - harih: ōm



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|| dhyānam ||

(Meditating - on the Lord)

[dhyāna slōkās (below) = describe the deity and help the devotee bring the deity in his/her mind for meditation. Show the Trikhanda mudrā, focus on the heart (anāhatā) lotus chakkrā and chant...]



[Skandā-Jyōthi mantra]

ōm - jaya jaya - mahā-víra bhagavan - śrí skandā - namō namaha Victory, victory, to the great hero - Lord Skandā - whom we worship.

ōm - jaya jaya - mahā-jyōti sakthi - saravanabhavāyai - namō namaha Victory, victory, to the great luminous radiant light energy - Saravanabhavāyai - whom we worship.

| āvāhanam ||

(Offering invitation via mudrās / elaborate hand gestures - to the Lord)

[...open the trikhanda mudr \bar{a} while chanting...]

hsraim - hskala hrím - hsrasouh mahāpadmāvanāntasthë kāranānda [vigrahë / bimbë / śrí yantrë] statue / picture / yantra

sarva bhuta hitë mātah ëhyehí ëhyehí parameśvara śrí vallí dëva-sënā samëtha - śrí subrahmanyam āvāhayāmi

[Show the following āvāhana mudrās]

- 1. āvāhita bhavah
- 2. samsthāpitā bhavah
- 3. sannidhāpitā bhavah
- 4. sannidhí bhavah
- 5. sanmukhí bhavah

- 6. avakunthitā bhavah
- 7. suprítā bhavah
- 8. suprasannā bhavah
- 9. sumukhā bhavah
- 10. varadā bhavah
- 11. prasída prasída

[dëví sarvajaganmātā] swāmin sarva-jaganāthā yāvat pujāvasānakam - tāvat tvam priti bhāvëna - [yantrë / vigrhë / pitamantrë / bimbë] sannidhim kuru



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|| samasta upachāra pūjā ||

(Honouring the Lord via the following gestures...)

|| āsanam ||

(Offering a seat - to the Lord)



[Offer akshatās and chant...]

ōm - [Skandā-Jyōthi mantra]

śrí vallí dëva-sënā samëtha - śrí subrahmanyāya namaha - idam idam āsanam sukhāsanam samarpayāmi

|| pādyam ||

(Offering water to wash the feet - of the Lord)



[Offer drop of water from udrini and chant...]

ōm - [Skandā-Jyōthi mantra]

śrí vallí dëva-sënā samëtha - śrí subrahmanyāya namaha - pādayoh pādyam samarpayāmi

|| arghyam ||

(Offering water to wash the hands - of the Lord)



[Offer drop of water from udrini and chant...]

ōm - [Skandā-Jyōthi mantra]

śrí vallí dëva-sënā samëtha - śrí subrahmanyāya namaha - hastayōh arghyam samarpayāmi

|| āchamaníyam ||

(Offering water to drink - to the Lord)

[Offer drop of water from udrini and chant...]

ōm - [Skandā-Jyōthi mantra]

śrí vallí dëva-sënā samëtha - śrí subrahmanyāya namaha - kalaśodakëna mukhë āchamaníyam samarpayāmi

|| snānam ||

(Giving a bath - to the Lord)

[Offer drop of water from udrini and chant...]

ōm - [Skandā-Jyōthi mantra]

śrí vallí dëva-sënā samëtha - śrí subrahmanyāya namaha - snānam samarpayāmi

atah [drāvida vēda / vēda] panchāmrita mantra snānam samarpayāmi



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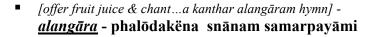


|| panchapurāna snānam ||

[As you do abishekam, sing a verse from the sacred panniru thirumurai works for each step: thëvāram / thiruvāsagam / thiruvissaippā / thiruppallāndu / thirupurānam / thiruppugal / alangāram / anubhuthi / (abiraami) anthāthi

You may obtain the lyrics & mp3 files of the above sacred works via the following links: <a href="https://www.skandagurunatha.org/deities/siva/thirumurai/www.skandagurunatha.org/works/thiruppugal/www.skandagurunatha.org/works/kantharalangaaram/www.skandagurunatha.org/works/kantharanubhuthi/www.skandagurunatha.org/deities/sakthi/audio/]

- [offer water & chant...a thëvāram hymn] thëvāra suddhodaka snānam samarpayāmi
- [offer milk & chant...a thiruvāsagam hymn] thiruvāsaga ksírëna snānam samarpayāmi
- [offer yogurt & chant...a thiruvissaippā hymn] thiruvissaippā dadhna snānam samarpayāmi
- [offer ghee & chant...a thiruppallāndu hymn] thiruppallāndu ājyëna snānam samarpayāmi
- [offer honey & chant...a thirupurānam hymn] thirupurāna madhu snānam samarpayāmi
- [offer sugar & chant...a thiruppugal hymn] thiruppugal sakarayā snānam samarpayāmi



[Wash the murthi with water and chant...(if you don't have a statue, pour drop of water from udhrini for each 'abhishekostu' chanted...)]

ōm amritābhishëkōstu - kanakābhishëkōstu - hiranyābhishëkōstu suvarnābhishëkōstu - divyamangalābhishëkōstu - mahābhishëkōstu - ōm - śāntí - śāntí - śāntíh: - harih: ōm



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|| (veda) panchāmrita mantra snānam ||

[Do abishekam to Lord Murugan while chanting the following Vedic Gayathri mantras]

Gayathri Mantras are very powerful meditation aids to pray for the grace of a particular God. Gayathri is feminine form of gāyatra, a Sanskrit word for a song or a hymn. It may refer to a mantra in particular (attributed to Vishwamitra - goddess as its personification - represents Parabrahman) or the name of a Vedic poetic meter of 24 syllables (three lines of eight syllables each) or any hymn composed in this meter.

[offer water and chant...]

ōm hamsa hamsāya vidmahë - paramahamsāya dhímahí - thannōh hamsat prachōdhayāt - <u>suddhodaka</u> snānam samarpayāmi

May we realise Hamsa that is our own Self as swan Let us meditate on that Paramahamsa, the Supreme Self. May Hamsa illumine us.

[with milk]

ōm tat purushāya vidmahë - vakratundāya dhímahí - thannōh dantih prachōdhayāt - <u>ksírëna</u> snānam samarpayāmi

Let me meditate on that great male - Oh, God with broken tusk, give me higher intellect - And let the elephant faced one illuminate my mind.

[with yogurt]

ōm bhāskarāya vidmahë - mahāddyutikarāya dhímahí - thannōh āditya prachōdhayāt - <u>dadhna</u> snānam samarpayāmi

Let me meditate on the Sun God, - Oh, maker of the day, give me higher intellect, - And let Sun God illuminate my mind.

[with ghee]

ōm nārāyanāya vidmahë - vāsudëvaya dhímahí - thannōh vishnu prachōdhayāt - ājvëna snānam samarpayāmi

Let me meditate on Lord Narayana - Oh, Lord Vasudeva, give me higher intellect,- And let Lord Vishnu illuminate my mind.

[with honey]

ōm tat purushāya vidmahë - mahādëvāya dhímahí - thannōh rudra prachōdhayāt - <u>madhu</u> snānam samarpayāmi

Let me meditate on the great Purusha, - Oh, greatest God, give me higher intellect, - And let God Rudra illuminate my mind.

[with sugar]

ōm lalithā deviyaischa vidmahë - parabrahma mahishí dhímahí - thannah prathamaśaktih: prachōdhayāt - <u>sakarayā</u> snānam samarpayāmi

Let me meditate on the Divine Mother Lalitha, - Oh, source of all creation, give me higher intellect, - And let the Goddess Lalitha illuminate my mind.

[with fruit juice]

ōm tat purushāya vidmahë - mahāsënāya dhímahí - thannōh shanmukha prachōdhayāt - <u>phalōdakëna</u> snānam samarpayāmi

Let me meditate on that great mal - Oh, commander in chief with the Six-faces - give me higher intellect and let thy radiance illuminate my mind.

[Wash the murthi with water and chant...(if you don't have a statue, pour drop of water from udhrini for each 'abhishekostu' chanted...)]

ōm amritābhishëkōstu - kanakābhishëkōstu - hiranyābhishëkōstu suvarnābhishëkōstu - divyamangalābhishëkōstu - mahābhishëkōstu - ōm - śāntí - śāntí - śāntíh: - harih: ōm



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Skandagurunatha.org – Bhagavan Sri Skanda's Divine Online Abode (Home to the Warriors of Light – Ushers of the new age of God)

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|| vastram / yajñōpavítam / ābaranām ||

(Offering clothes, holy thread, and jewellry - to the Lord)



[Offer clothes (or akshatās) and chant...]

ōm - [Skandā-Jyōthi mantra]

śrí vallí dëva-sënā samëtha - śrí subrahmanyāya namaha - vastrayugam samarpayāmi - yajñōpavítam samarpayāmi - sarva ābaranāni samarpayāmi

|| gandham / kumkum / vilëpanam ||

(Offering fragrant sandalwood paste, saffron powder, and perfume - to the Lord)



ōm - [Skandā-Jyōthi mantra] śrí vallí dëva-sënā samëtha - śrí subrahmanyāya namaha chandana - agūrū - kumkuma - sanku -mrugamada karpūra - kastūrí - gōrōchanādi - divyagandha - sarvāngína - vilëpanam samarpayāmi



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Source: http://www.skandagurunatha.org/works/puja/



|| pushpam ||

(Offering fresh rose-garland and flowers - to the Lord)



 $[\textit{Offer fresh rose-garland (or akshat\bar{a}s) and chant...}]$

ōm - [Skandā-Jyōthi mantra]

śrí vallí dëva-sënā samëtha - śrí subrahmanyāya namaha - pushpaihi pūjayāmi namaha - atha anga pūjā

[Worship the entire form of Lord Murugan - from feet to crown - by touching each corresponding body part with the mantras below]

ōm	sūvan-thitha pāthāya	namaha	pādau pi	ūjayāmi
"	muku-rākāra-jānavë	"	jānūni (knees)	66
66	karika-rōravë	66	ūrū (thigh)	66
66	ratna-kinkiní-nūpura-ka	ıtyë "	katim (waist)	"
66	guhāya	66	guhyam (abdomen)	66
66	hëyramba-sahōtharāya	"	udharam (stomach)	66
66	sūnābhayë	"	nābhim (navel)	66
66	suhrudë	"	hrudayam (heart)	66
66	vichāla-vakshaśë	"	vakshas-sthalan (chest)	
"	kruthikā-sthanan-thāya	"	stanau (breast)	"

"	sathrujayōr-jitha-pahkvë	"	bāhoon (torso)	"
"	sakthi-hasthāya	66	hasthān (hands/arms)	"
"	pushkaras-rajë-kantāya	66	kantham (throat)	"
66	shanmukhāya	66	mūkhāni (face)	"
66	sunā-shāya	"	nāsikë (nose)	"
66	dvishan-nëtrāya	"	nëtrāni (eyes)	"
66	hiranya-kundala-karnāya	66	karnau (ear rings)	"
66	balanëtra-sutāya	"	phālam (forehead)	"
"	vëtha-sirō-vëdh-yāya	"	śirah (head)	"
66	sënāthi-pathayë	66	sarvānyangāni (entire body)	"

nānā vidha parimala mantra pushpāni samarpayāmi namaha

<u></u>

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atha śrí subrahmanya swaminë ashthōthara satanāmā valih: pūjā

[Nandikeswarar gave to Sage Agastya the following incantation comprising the names of Lord Skanda, wich are innumerable but for the sake of brevity, 108 of His descriptive names are given. In each instance, the sādhaka recites a name visualizing the Lord standing before him or her, and mentally bows down before the Lord with each recitation.]

- English Transliteration courtesy of Swami Sivananda's Divine Life Society (www.dlshq.org/download/shanmukha.pdf)
- English meaning courtesy of Murugan-Bhakti (www.murugan.org)
- 1. ஓம் ஸ்கந்தாய நம ஹ
- 2. ஓம் குஹாய நம ஹ
- 3. ஓம் ஷண்முகாய நம ஹ
- 4. ஓம் பால நேத்ரஸூதாய நம ஹ
- 5. ஓம் ப்ரபவே நம ஹ
- 6. ஓம் பிங்களாய நம ஹ
- 7. ஓம் க்ருத்திகா ஸூனவே நம ஹ
- 8. ஓம் சிகிவாஹனாய நம ஹ
- 9. ஓம் த்விஷட் புஜாய நம ஹ
- 10. ஓம் த்விஷண் நேத்ராய நம ஹ
- 11. ஓம் சக்தி தராய நம ஹ
- 12. ஓம் பிஸிதாஸ ப்ரபஞ்சனாய நம ஹ
- 13. ஓம் தாரகாஸூர ஸம்ஹாரிணே நம ஹ
- 14. ஓம் ரஷோபல விமர்த்தனாய நம ஹ

- 15. ஓம் மத்தாய நம ஹ
- 16. ஓம் ப்ரமத்தாய நம ஹ
- 17. ஓம் உன்மத்தாய நம ஹ
- 18. ஓம் ஸூரஸைன்ய ஸூரக்ஷகாய நம ஹ
- 19. ஓம் தேவசேனாபதயே நம ஹ
- 20. ஓம் ப்ராக்ஞாய நம ஹ
- 21. ஓம் க்ருபாளவே நம ஹ
- 22. ஓம் பக்த வத்ஸலாய நம ஹ
- 23. ஓம் உமா ஸூதாய நம ஹ
- 24. ஓம் சக்தி தராய நம ஹ
- 25. ஓம் குமாராய நம ஹ
- 26. ஓம் க்ரௌஞ்சதாரணாய நம ஹ
- 27. ஓம் ஸேனான் யே நம ஹ
- 28. ஓம் அக்னிஜன்மனே நம ஹ
- 29. ஓம் விசாகாய நம ஹ
- 30. ஓம் சங்கராத்மஜாய நம ஹ
- 31. ஓம் சிவஸ்வாமினே நம ஹ
- 32. ஓம் கணஸ்வாமினே நம ஹ
- 33. ஓம் ஸர்வஸ்வாமினே நம ஹ
- 34. ஓம் ஸநாதனாய நம ஹ
- 35. ஓம் அனந்த சக்தயே நம ஹ
- 36. ஓம் அசேஷாப்யாய நம ஹ



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Source: http://www.skandagurunatha.org/works/puja/

- 37. ஓம் பார்வதிப்ரிய நந்தனாய நம ஹ
- 38. ஓம் கங்கா ஸூதாய நம ஹ
- 39. ஓம் சரோத் பூதாய நம ஹ
- 40. ஓம் ஆஹூதாய நம ஹ
- 41. ஓம் பாவகாத்மஜாய நம ஹ
- 42. ஓம் ஜ்ரும்பாய நம ஹ
- 43. ஓம் ப்ரஜ்ரும்பாய நம ஹ
- 44. ஓம் உஜ்ரும்பாய நம ஹ
- 45. ஓம் கமலாஸன ஸம்ஸ்துதாய நம ஹ
- 46. ஓம் ஏகவர்ணாய நம ஹ
- 47. ஓம் த்விவர்ணாய நம ஹ
- 48. ஓம் திரிவர்ணாய நம ஹ
- 49. ஓம் ஸூமனோகராய நம ஹ
- 50. ஓம் சதுர்வர்ணாய நம ஹ
- 51. ஓம் பஞ்சவர்ணாய நம ஹ
- 52. ஓம் ப்ரஜாபதயே நம ஹ
- 53. ஓம் அஹஸ்பதயே நம ஹ
- 54. ஓம் அக்னிகர்பாய நம ஹ
- 55. ஓம் சமீகர்பாய நம ஹ
- 56. ஓம் விச்வரேதஸே நம ஹ
- 57. ஓம் ஸூராரிக்னே நம ஹ
- 58. ஓம் ஹரித்வர்ணாய நம ஹ

- 59. ஓம் சுபகராய நம ஹ
- 60. ஓம் வாஸவாய நம ஹ
- 61. ஓம் வடுவேஷப்ருதே நம ஹ
- 62. ஓம் பூஷ்ணே நம ஹ
- 63. ஓம் கபஸ்தினே நம ஹ
- 64. ஓம் கஹனாய நம ஹ
- 65. ஓம் சந்த்ரவர்ணாய நம ஹ
- 66. ஓம் களாதராய நம ஹ
- 67. ஓம் மாயாதராய நம ஹ
- 68. ஓம் மஹாமாயினே நம ஹ
- 69. ஓம் கைவல்யாய நம ஹ
- 70. ஓம் சங்கரீஸூதாய நம ஹ
- 71. ஓம் விச்வயோனயே நம ஹ
- 72. ஓம் அமே யாத்மனே நம ஹ
- 73. ஓம் தேஜோநிதயே நம ஹ
- 74. ஓம் அனாமயாய நம ஹ
- 75. ஓம் பரமேஷ்டினே நம ஹ
- 76. ஓம் பரப்ரஹ்மணே நம ஹ
- 77. ஓம் வேதகர்பாய நம ஹ
- 78. ஓம் விராட்ஸூதாய நம ஹ
- 79. ஓம் புளிந்த்கன்யாபர்த்ரே நம ஹ
- 80. ஓம் மஹாஸாரஸ்வத ப்ரதாய நம ஹ



Source: http://www.skandagurunatha.org/works/puja/

- 81. ஓம் ஆச்ரிதாகில தூத்ரே நம ஹ
- 82. ஓம் சோராக்னாய நம ஹ
- 83. ஓம் ரோக நாசனாய நம ஹ
- 84. ஓம் அனந்தமூர்த்தயே நம ஹ
- 85. ஓம் ஆனந்தாய நம ஹ
- 86. ஓம் சிகண்டிக்ருத கேதனாய நம ஹ
- 87. ஓம் டம்பாய நம ஹ
- 88. ஓம் பரம டம்பாய நம ஹ
- 89. ஓம் மஹாடம்பாய நம ஹ
- 90. ஓம் வ்ருஷாகபயே நம ஹ
- 91. ஓம் காரணோ பாத்த தேஹாய நம ஹ
- 92. ஓம் காரணாதீத விக்ரஹாய நம ஹ
- 93. ஓம் அனீச்வராய நம ஹ
- 94. ஓம் அம்ருதாய நம ஹ
- 95. ஓம் ப்ராணாய நம ஹ
- 96. ஓம் ப்ராணாயாம பாராயணாய நம ஹ
- 97. ஓம் வ்ருத்த ஹந்த்ரே நம ஹ
- 98. ஓம் வீரக்னாய நம ஹ
- 99. ஓம் ரக்த ச்யாம களாய நம ஹ
- 100. ஓம் மஹதே நம ஹ
- 101. ஓம் ஸூப்ரஹ்மண்யாய நம ஹ
- 102. ஓம் குஹப்ரீதாய நம ஹ

- 103. ஓம் ப்ரஹ்மண்யாய நம ஹ
- 104. ஓம் ப்ராஹ்மண ப்ரியாய நம ஹ
- 105. ஓம் வம்ச விருத்திகராய நம ஹ
- 106. ஓம் வேத வேத்யாய நம ஹ
- 107. ஓம் அக்ஷய பலப்ரதாய நம ஹ
- 108. ஓம் மயூர வாஹனாய நம ஹ

நாநாவித பரிமல (பத்ர) புஷ்பாணி ஸமர்ப்பயாமி



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1. ōm skandāva namaha

Hail Skanda! Vanquisher of the mighty foes!

2. ōm guhāya namaha

Praise be to the Invisible Lord—He who abides in the hearts of devotees true!

3. ōm shanmukhāya namaha

Praise be to the six-faced one!

4. ōm bāla-nëtra-sutāya namaha

Praise be to the Son of the Three-Eyed Siva!

5. ōm prabhavë namaha

Praise be to the Lord Supreme!

6. ōm pinga-lāya namaha

Praise be to the golden-hued one!

7. ōm krittikā-sunavë namaha Hail to the Son of the starry maids!

8. ōm siki-vāha-nāva namaha Hail to the rider on the peacock!

9. ōm dvishad-bhujāva namaha

Hail to the Lord with the twelve hands!

10. ōm dvishan-nëtrāva namaha

Hail to the Lord with the twelve eyes!

11. ōm śakthi-dharāva namaha

Hail to the wielder of the Lance!

12. ōm piśitāsa-prabham-janāya namaha

Praise be to the destroyer of the Asuras!

13. ōm tārakā-sura-samhārinē namaha

Praise be to the slāyar of Tārakāsuran!

14. ōm raksho-balavimar-danāya namaha

Praise be to the Victor of the Asuric forces!

15. ōm mattāva namaha

Praise be to the Lord of felicity!

16. ōm pramattāva namaha

Praise be to the Lord of bliss!

17. ōm un-mattāya namaha

Hail Oh passionate One!

18. ōm sura-sainva-suraksha-kāya namaha

(Suralangasya Rakshithre Namaha); Hail Saviour of the Dëvās!

19. ōm dëva-sënā-patayë namaha

Hail Commander of the Heavenly hosts!

20. ōm prāj-nyāya namaha

Hail, Lord of Wisdom!

21. ōm krupālavē namaha

Hail Compassionate One!

22. ōm bhakta-vatsa-lāva namaha

Lover of devout ones, Praise be to Thee!

23. ōm umā-sutāva namaha

Son of Uma—Praise be to Thee!

24. ōm śakthi-dharāva namaha

Mighty Lord—Praise be to Thee!

25. ōm kumā-rāva namaha

Eternal youth—Praise be to Thee!

26. ōm krauncha-dhāra-nāya namaha

He who reft asunder the Krauncha Mount—Praise be to Thee!

27. ōm sënān-yai namaha

Praise be to the Army Chief!

28. ōm agni-jan-manë namaha

To the effulgence of Fire, all Hail!

29. ōm viśākāva namaha

To Him who shone on the astral Visakha—All Hail!

30. ōm śankar-ātma-jāya namaha

Thou Son of Sankara—All Hail!



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31. ōm śiva-svāminë namaha *Thou Preceptor of Siva—All Hail!*

32. ōm gana-svāminë namahaOn Lord of the Ganas—All Hail

33. ōm sarva-svāminë namaha *On Lord, God Almighty, All Hail!*

34. ōm sanā-tanāya namaha *Oh Lord eternal, Praise be to Thee!*

35. ōm ananta-śaktayë namaha *Thou potent Lord, Praise be to Thee!*

36. ōm aksho-bhyāya namaha *Unsullied by arrows art Thou—Praise be to Thee!*

37. ōm pārvathí-priya-nanda-nāya namaha *Thou beloved of Parvati, Praise be to Thee!*

38. ōm gangā-sutāya namahaOh, son of Goddess Ganga—Praise be to Thee!

39. ōm śarod-bhūtāya namaha *Thou who did'st nestle in the Saravana Lake!*

40. ōm āhūtāya namaha *Thou Unborn Lord!*

41. ōm pāva-kātma-jāya namaha *Thou who art born of Fire!*

42. ōm jrum-bhāya namaha Thou who art born of Fire!

43. ōm prajrum-bhāya namaha

Praise be to thee Auspicious One! (Blissful)!

44. ōm ujjrum-bhāya namaha *Praise be to the Invincible One!*

45. ōm kamalāsana-samstutāya namahaPraise be to the Lord extolled by Brahma!

46. ōm yëka-varnāya namahaThe one Word art Thou—All Hail!

47. ōm dvi-varnāya namaha *In Two Art Thou—All Hail!*

48. ōm tri-varnāya namaha *Thou Art the Three—All Hail!*

49. ōm sumano-kharāya namaha *Thou Stealer of pure hearts—All Hail!*

50. ōm chatur-varnāya namaha *In four Art Thou—All Hail!*

51. ōm pancha-varnāya namaha *In five letters Art Thou—All Hail!*

52. ōm prajā-patayë namaha Father of all Creation—All Hail!

53. ōm ahars-patayë namaha *Praise be to Thee, Oh Peerless One!*

54. ōm agni-garbhāya namaha *Thou who dost sustain the fire!*

55. ōm śamí-garbhāya namaha

Hail Thou who arose out of the Vanni flame! (Fire of the Suma tree)!

56. ōm viśva-rëtashë namahaThou glory of the Absolute Paramasivam, All Hail!

57. ōm surā-righnë namahaOh, Subduer of the foes of the Dëvās, All Hail!

58. ōm harid-dvarnāya namaha Thou resplendent One, All Hail!

59. ōm śubha-karāya namaha Thou Auspicious One—All Hail!

60. ōm vāsa-vāya namaha

Thou Oh Splendour of the Vasus— (a class of Gods) All Hail!



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61. ōm vadu-vësha-bhrutë namaha

Praise be to Thee, Oh lover of celibacy!

62. ōm bhūshnë namaha

Thou Luminous Sun—All Hail!

63. ōm gabhastinë namaha

Thou Effulgence divine, All Hail!

64. ōm gahanāya namaha

Thou Omniscient One—All Hail!

65. ōm chandra-varnāya namaha

Thou Radiance of the Moon—Praise be to Thee!

66. ōm kalā-dharāya namaha

Thou who adorns the crescent—Praise be to Thee!

67. ōm māyā-dharāya namaha

Energy art Thou—Praise be to Thee!

68. ōm mahā-māyinë namaha

Great Artist of Deception too art Thou, Praise be to Thee!

69. ōm kaival-yāya namaha

Everlasting joy of attainment—Praise be to Thee!

70. ōm sankari-sutāya namaha

Art all-pervading—All Hail!

71. ōm viśva-yōnayë namaha

Source of all Existence—All Hail!

72. ōm amë-yātmanë namaha

Oh, Supreme Splendour, All Hail!

73. ōm tejō-nidhayë namaha

Illumination divine—All Hail!

74. ōm anāma-yāya namaha

Savior of all ills—All Hail!

75. ōm para-mështinë namaha

Thou art Immaculate Lord, Praise be to Thee

76. ōm para-brahmanë namaha

Thou Transcendant One, Praise be to Thee!

77. ōm vëda-garbhāya namaha

The Source of the Vedas art Thou, Praise be to Thee!

78. ōm virāt-sutāya namaha

Immanent Art Thou in the Universe, Praise be to Thee!

79. ōm pulinda-kanyā-bhardrë namaha

Praise be to the Lord of Valli, the Vedda belle!

80. ōm mahā-sārasvata-pradāya namaha

Praise be to the source of Gnosis

81. ōm āśritā-kila-dātrë namaha

Praise be to Him who showers grace on those who seek his solace!

82. ōm chōragh-nāya namaha

Praise be to Him who annihilates those who steal!

83. ōm rōha-nāśanāya namaha

Praise be to the divine Healer

84. ōm ananta-mūrtayë namaha

Praise be Thine whose forms are endless!

85. ōm ānan-dāya namaha

Praise be Thine, Oh Thou infinite Bliss!

86. ōm śikhandí-kruta-këdanāya namaha

Praise be Thine, Thou Lord of peacock banner!

87. ōm dam-bhāya namaha

Praise be Thine, Oh lover of gay exuberance!

88. ōm parama-dambhāya namaha

Praise be Thine, Thou lover of supreme exuberance!

89. ōm mahā-dambhāya namaha

Praise be Thine, Oh Lord of lofty magnificence!

90. ōm vrushāka-payë namaha

Thou who art the culmination of righteousness—All Hail (Dharma)!



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91. ōm kāranopāta-dëkhāya namaha

Thou who deigned embodiment for a cause—All Hail!

92. ōm kāranātíta-vigrahāya namaha Form transcending causal experience

93. ōm aníśvarāya namahaOh Eternal peerless plentitude, All Hail

94. ōm amrutāya namaha

Thou Ambrosia of Life—All Hail!
95. ōm prānāya namaha

Thou life of life, Praise unto Thee!

96. ōm prānāyāma-parāya-nāyā namaha Thou support of all beings—Praise unto Thee!

97. ōm vrudha-hantrë namahaPraise unto Thee who subjugates all hostile forces!

98. ōm víragh-nāya namaha

Thou vanquisher of heroic opponents, Praise unto Thee!

99. ōm rakta-śyāma-galāya namaha

Thou art Love, and of crimson beauty— Praise unto Thee!

100. ōm makhatë namaha

Oh Consummation of glory, All Praise to Thee!

101. ōm subrahman-yāya namaha We praise Thee, Oh effulgent Radiance!

102. ōm guhap-prítāya namaha
Oh Supreme (Sovereign) Goodness, Praise unto Thee!

103. ōm brahman-yāya namaha *We praise Thee, luminous wisdom serene!*

104. ōm brāhmanap- príyāya namaha Thou who art beloved of seers—Praise unto Thee!

105. ōm vamśa-vruddhi-karāya namaha Oh universal Teacher, All Praise to Thee!

106. ōm vëda-vëdyāya namaha We praise Thee, Lord of the Vedas!

107. ōm akshaya-phala-pradāya namahaWe praise Thee, Oh bestower of indestructible results ineffable!

108. ōm mayūra-vāhanāya namaha
We praise Thee, most glorious one seated on the beautiful peacock!

nānā vidha parimala mantra pushpāni samarpayāmi

iti śrí subrahmanya swaminë ashthōthra satanāmā valih: pūjām samarpayāmi



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|| C - uttarānga pūjā ||

(Last part of the pūjā where the Lord is honoured by showing dhūpam, deepam, and naivedyam)

|| dhūpam ||

(Offering incense fragrance - to the Lord)

ōm - [Skandā-Jyōthi mantra]

śrí subrahmanyāya namaha - dhūpam āgrhāpayāmi



[Light incense and show to the Lord while chanting...5x] **ōm namah sivāya - sivāya namah ōm**

ōm tryambakam - yajāmahë - sugandhim - pushti vardhanam - urvārukamiva bandhanān - mrutyōr - mukshíya - māmrutāt

Almighty three-eyed God (Siva) - whom we worship - who has a sweet fragrance - granter of health and wealth - remover of disease, obstacles in life, and attachments - liberate us from death and grant us immortality.



[Take the udrini, encircle on top of the incense, and offer a drop of water from the udrini while chanting...]

dhūpam āgrhāpayami - dhūpāntaram āchamaníyam samarpayāmi

|| dípam ||

(Offering light - to the Lord)

ōm - [Skandā-Jyōthi mantra] śrí subrahmanyāya namaha - dípam darshayāmi

|| mūla mantraha ||

 Special thanks to Sri Caitanyānandā Nātha Saraswathi for providing and instructing on the use of the following mūla mantrās for Lord Murugan.

[Focus on the heart (anāhatā) lotus chakkrā and chant sequentially 12x...]

ōm - śrím hrím klím aím saum - saravanabhavāya namaha

ōm - vrím - mahā vallíyai namaha

ōm - hrím - dëva-sënā-yai namaha

[Show mayil mudrā]

ōm - mrím - mayūra-vāhanāya namaha

[Show kukkuda-dvajam (flag) mudrā]

ōm - ōm - ōm - kukkuda-dvajāya namaha

[Show vël mudrā]

ōm - hrím - sakthi hasthāya namaha

[Show kulisā-yudham mudrā]

ōm - hrím - nama sivāyai-cha | nama sivāya | kulisā-yudhāya namaha



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[Show sarpam (serpent) mudrā] iņ - rím - ţaha | sarpāya namaha

śrí vallí dëva-sënā samëtha | mayūra-vāhanāya-dvaja | sakthi hastha - kulisā-yudha-sahita | krauncha-dhārana śrí subrahmanya swāminë namaha - dípam darshayāmi



[Light lamp & offer deepam to the Lord chanting...]

ōm - [Skandā-Jyōthi mantra]

om - āyur dëhi - dhanamdëhi - vidyamdëhi mahëswarí - samasta mahilam dëhi - dëhi më paramëswarí



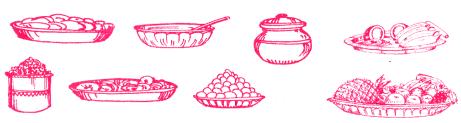
[Take the udrini, encircle on top of the lamp, and offer a drop of water from the udrini while chanting...]

dípam darshayāmi - dípāntaram āchamaníyam samarpayāmi namaha

|| naivëdyam ||

(Offering food - to the Lord)

ōm - [Skandā-Jyōthi mantra] amrita mahā naivēdyam nivēdayāmi



[Show the mrukhi mudrā and touch your head while chanting...]

ōm asya śrí gāyathri mahā mantrasya - vishwamitra rshih:



[Take water in your hand and sprinkle on prasādam while chanting...]

ōm bhūr - bhūvasūvaha - tat saviturvarënyam - bhargō dëvasya dhímahi - dhíyōyōnah prachōdhayāt(u) - parōrajasë sāvadōm - om āpōjyōtiraśamrutam - brahma bhūrbhūvasūvarōm - dëva - savita - prasūva - amritam astu - amritōpastaranamasi

We add Truth to Truth. May this sweet and fragrant food be transformed into nectar.

satyam tvartëna parisinchayāmi / rtam tvā satyëna parisinchayāmi (if daytime i.e. before 6pm) / (if night time i.e after 6pm)



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[Show the naivedya mudrās - all the while sweeping with all the love in your heart \rightarrow this offers the fragrance of the food (now prasādam = blessed food) and prānic essence into Lord Skanda's nose and mouth, who readily accepts it.]

ōm prānāya svāhā - ōm apānāya svāhā - ōm vyānāya svāhā - ōm udānāya svāhā - ōm samānāya svāhā - ōm brahmanë svāhā

madhyë madhyë amrtapāníyam samarpayāmi - amritamastu - amrita pithānamasi - uttarā poshanam samarpayāmi

Salutations to all the Gods and Dëvās present! May this humble plate of food be accepted among the finest meals you have ever received. To the best of our ability in the worship of You, we offer the sacred essence of this food and humbly beg that You accept and receive it.



[Close your eyes and hold a clear visualization of Lord Skanda accepting and partaking the meal. Then pour three drops of water from udrini as you wash the hands, feet, and mouth as Lord Skanda has just accepted your prasadam offering.]

hastou prakshālayāmi - pādou prakshālayāmi kandūcham āchamaníyam *(cha kalpayāmi)* samarpayāmi namaha - harih: - ōm

|| tāmbūlam ||

(Offering betel nut & leaf (mint) - to the Lord)

[Offer betel nut & leaf (mint) to the Lord while pouring a drop of the water from the udrini on your offering and then to the Lord while chanting...]

ōm - |Skandā-Jyōthi mantra|

śrí vallí dëva-sënā samëtha - śrí subrahmanyāya namaha - karpūra sūrana tāmbūlam samarpayāmi

|| karpūra nírājanam ||

(Offering ārathi - to the Lord)

ōm - [Skandā-Jyōthi mantra]

śri valli deva-senā sametha - śri subrahmanyāya namaha ānanda karpūra nirājana dipam darshayāmi





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[Hoist camphor lamp & show it 3x to the Deity while chanting:]

ōm - rājādhi rājāya prasahya sāhinë - namō vayamvaí: sravanaya kūrmahë samëkāmān kāma kāmaya mahyam - kāmësvarō vaí: sravanō dadātu kubërāya vaí: sravanaya -mahā rājāya namaha

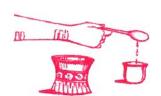
King of kings, we praise thee, Who is the giver of all victories, Who is the fulfiller of all desires, Please bless me with wealth, To fulfill all our desires, Oh, Kubhera (Lord of Wealth), we praise thee, Salutations to the King of kings.

[Chant Kārthikëya Gāyathri]

ōm kārthikëyāya vidmahë - sakthi hasthāya dhímahí - thannōh skanda prachōdhayāt

[Chant Sri Subrahmanya dhyāna slokam]

ōm - nigrushvai rasamāyuthaihi - kālair harithvamāpannaihi - indhrāyāhi sahasrayugu - agnir vibrāshti vasanaha - vāyusvētha sikad-dhrūkaha - samvathsarō vishoorvarnaí: hí - nithyāsthënu charāsthava - subrahmanyōgm - subrahmanyōm - śrí subrahmanya swāminë namaha



[Take the udrini, encircle on top of the lamp, and offer a drop of water from the udrini while chanting...]

karpūra nírājana dípam darshayāmi - nírājana āntaram āchamaníyam samarpayāmi namaha



(Circumbulating around & prostrating to - the Lord - who resides within us as our ātmā)



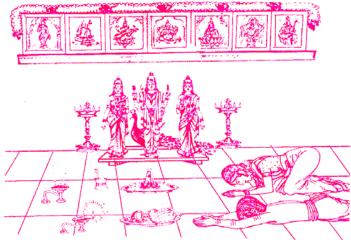
ōm - [Skandā-Jyōthi mantra] ātmā pradakshina namaskārān samarpayāmi

[Stand up and go around yourself 3x and chant...]
yāni-kāni-japāpāni | janmāntara-krutāni-ja |
tāni-tāni-vinash-yanti | pradkshina-padë-padë



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[Prostrate before the Lord and chant...]



ōm - shadānanam - kunkuma rakta varnam - mahā matim - divya mayūra vāham | rudrasya sūnum - sura-sai-nya nātham - guham sadāham - saranam prapadyë ||

God with six faces, Who is of the color of saffron like blood, He who is brainy among the brainiest, He who rides on a peacock, Son of Lord Shiva, Chief of army of devas, Lord mine, I bow at your feet.

|| arghya pradhānam ||

(Offering apologies & requesting pardon for any shortcomings of your pūjā - from the Lord)



[Take akshatās in right hand, place them in between the ring & middle fingers - pour water from pancha pātram with udrini - washing the rice onto the statue / picture / yantram while chanting...]

anayā - mayākrutëna - yāvat śaktihi - dhyāna āvāhanādi - śrí skanda-jyōthi vidhāna - shōdasa upachāra pūjaya - bhagavan sarvātmaka - śrí guru sahita - śrí subrahmanyaha (dëví) trpyatu



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|| samarpanam ||

(Dedicating the fruits of your pūjā - to the Lord)



[Place some akshatās on your head as Lord Murugan blesses you and show the mrukhi mudrā and chant...]

harih: ōm - ëtat pūjāphalam sarvam - bhagavan śrí skandārpanamastu - śrí guruvārpanamastu brahmārpanamastu - ōm śānti śānti śāntih:

May the fruits of this pūjā be offered to Lord Skanda, my SatGuru, and to all beings.

harih: ōm - śrí gurubhyo namah - harih: ōm — itih: śrí skanda-jyōthi vidhāna shōdasa upachāra pūjām samāptham

[sampūranam]

Thus, concludes the śrí skanda jyōthi vidhāna pancha upachāra pūjā

[Benedictory verses from kantha purānam by kachiyappa sivāchāriyār - Tamil Universal prayer for God's devotees and also for all-round happiness & prosperity & peace...show anjali mudrā and chant...]

Chapter 6 - தக்ஷ காண்டம் /

Section 24. வள்ளியம்மை திருமணப் படலம் /

Verse 261. (ஆறிரு தடந்தோள் வாழ்க)

ஆறிரு தடந்தோள் வாழ்க அறுமுகம் வாழ்க வெற்பைக் கூறுசெய் தனிவேல் வாழ்க குக்குடம் வாழ்க செவ்வேள் ஏறிய மஞ்ஞை வாழ்க யானைதன் அணங்கு வாழ்க மாறிலா வள்ளி வாழ்க வாழ்கசீர் அடியார் எல்லாம். 261

ār-iru-thadan-thōl-vālga - aru-mugam-vālga-vetpai kūrū-sëy-thani-vël-vālga - kukku-dam-vālga-sevvël ëriya-manjai-vālga - yā-nai-than-anan-gu-vālga mārilā-valli-vālga - <u>vālga-seer adiyār ellām</u>. 261

To the Lord with twelve-strong shoulders, Hail! - To the Lord with six-faces, Hail! To the Vel (spear) that broke the krauncha mountain, Hail! - To the flag of victory & cockrel, Hail!

To the holy vehicle of the Lord (myol the peacock), Hail! – To Devayānai, consort of the Lord, Hail!

To His other consort, Valli, Hail! – To all the praise-worthy devotees of the Lord, Hail! May all live well!



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Chapter 1. பாயிரம் /
Verse 5. வான்முகில் வழாது (வாழ்த்து) வான் முகில் வழாது பெய்க மலிவளம் சுரக்க மன்னன் கோன்முறை அரசு செய்க குறைவிலாது உயிர்கள் வாழ்க நான் மறை அறங்கள் ஓங்க நற்றவம் வேள்வி மல்க மேன்மை கொள் சைவநீதி விளங்குக உலகம் எல்லாம் 5

vān mugil valāthu pëyga mali-valam surakka mannan kōn-murai arasu sëyga kurai-vilādhu uyirgal vālga nān marai arangal ōnga natravam vëlvi malga mën-mai-kol saiva-needhi vilan-gu-ga ulagam ellām 5

May the rain clouds not fail us; May the riches of the earth yield in abundance;

May the rulers of the land govern with justice and fairness;

May no living being suffer from wants whatsoever;

May charity & piety extolled in the 4 Vedas be upheld in our lives;

May the superior path of love and kindness as preached by Saivite truths become renowened the world over.

[Show ārathi to the bell & chant...] நம பார்வதி பதயே ஹர ஹர மகா தேவா தென்னானுடைய சிவனே போற்றி என் ஆண்டவர்க்கும் இறைவா போற்றி இன்பமே சூழ்க - எல்லோரும் வாழ்க சிற்சபேசா - சிவ சிதம்பரம் - திருச்சிற்றம்பலம்

nama pārvathi pathayë
hara hara mahā thëvā
thennān udaiya sivanë pōtri
en ānda-varkkum iraivā pōtri
inbamë sūlka - el-lōrum vālga
sitsa-bësā - siva chidambaram - thiruchitrambalam

[Ring the bell & clap your hands 3x...]

[Chant the following 3x...excerpt taken from 'Skanda' by Hilda Charlton]
"I battle for right, for Light, with all my might. Sri Skanda, be with

me. At my least call for help, hear me and be near me. I belong to a faithful band of warriors, known as the Warriors of Light in the upper realms, and I am written in the Book of Life under that title."

[Read an oracle from 'Skanda' by Hilda Charlton & then do meditation or japam - this will allow your mind to fully absorb the sakthi and vibrations from the pūjā giving you a peaceful and energizing aura.] (www.skandagurunatha.org/oracles/)



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